

# MD609

## Double Balanced Mixer 22...38 GHz



- frequency range 22...38 GHz
- frequency range IF от DC до 8 GHz
- conversion loss < 10 dB
- passive double balanced topology
- input power (P1dB) > 10 dBm

### Application

- communications
- radars
- test and measurement equipment

The MD609 is a passive double balanced mixer that can be used as an up- or downconverter between 22.0 and 38.0 GHz. The miniature monolithic mixer is fabricated based on GaAs QSBD process, and requires no external components or matching circuitry. The chip is ideally suited for applications where small size, no DC bias, and consistent IC performance are required. This mixer can operate over a wide LO drive input of +10 to +15 dBm. The MMICs use gold bond pads and backside metallization and are fully protected with Silicon Nitride passivation to obtain the highest reliability level.

### Electrical specification (T = 25 °C, F<sub>IF</sub> = 0.1 GHz, P<sub>LO</sub> = +13 dBm)\*

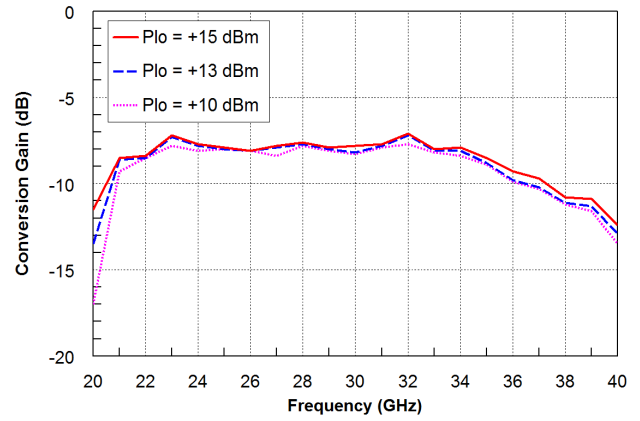
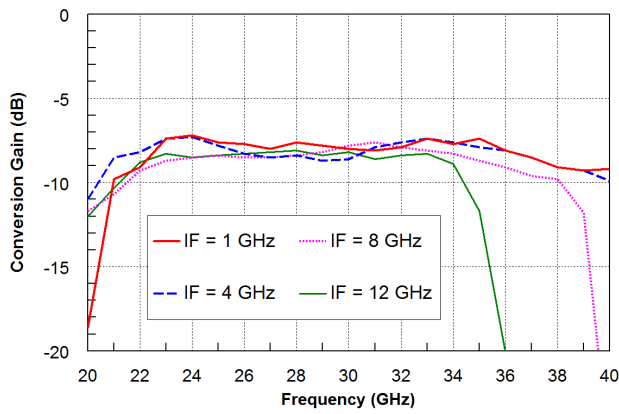
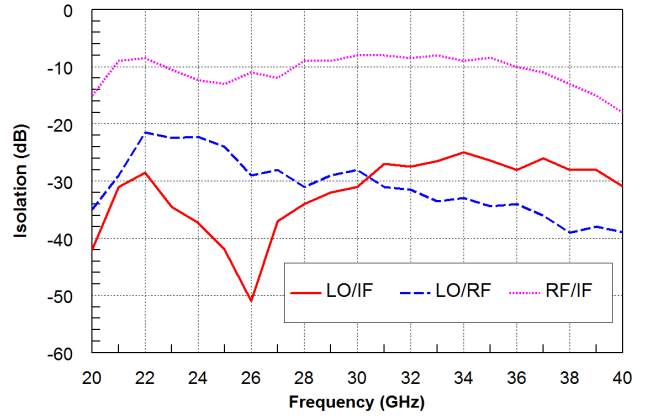
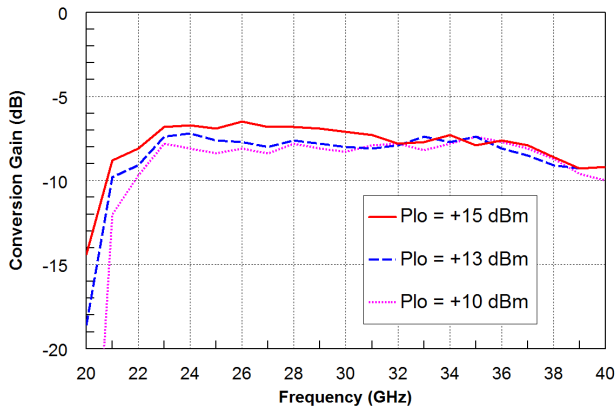
Обозначение	Параметр	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$\Delta F_{RF}$	Frequency range, RF	22	—	38	GHz
$\Delta F_{LO}$	Frequency range, LO	22	—	46	GHz
$\Delta F_{IF}$	Frequency range, IF	0.1	—	8	GHz
C <sub>L</sub>	Conversion loss	—	10	11	dB
NF	Noise figure	—	10	11	dB
I <sub>LO-RF</sub>	LO to RF Isolation	21	—	—	dB
I <sub>LO-IF</sub>	LO to IF Isolation	25	—	—	dB
I <sub>RF-IF</sub>	RF to IF Isolation	8	—	—	dB
P1dB	1 dB Gain compression (input)	—	10	—	dBm

**REMARK** \*Unless otherwise noted, all measurements performed as downconverter, F<sub>IF</sub> = 0.1 GHz, P<sub>LO</sub> = +13 dBm.

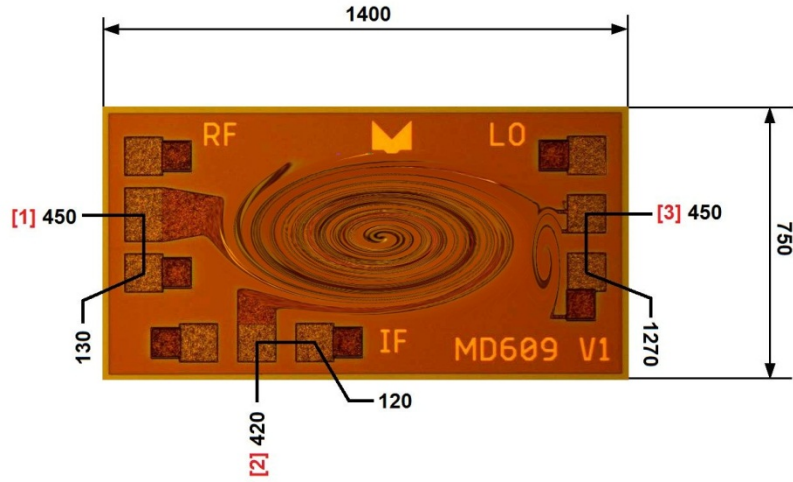
### Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Value	Unit
RF input	+20	dBm
LO drive	+20	dBm
Operating temperature	-40...+85	°C
Storage temperature	-55...+125	°C

Typical characteristics (T = 25 °C)



**Mechanical data**



- Chip size 1400 × 750 μm (before wafer dicing), thickness 100 μm;
- Bond pad dimensions are shown on the bond pad center;
- Bond pad and backside metallization: gold;
- RF pads are: 1 — 100 × 140 μm, 2, 3 — 140 × 100 μm.

Pad number	Port	Discription
1	RF	RF input / output
2	IF	IF input / output
3	LO	LO input

**Application notes**

**Mounting**

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat. The 50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102 mm thick die to a 0.150 mm thick molybdenum heat spreader (molytab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2). Microstrip substrates should be located as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.1mm.

**Wire Bonding**

Microstrip substrates should be brought as close to the die as possible in order to minimize ribbon bond length. Recommendation for RF pads is one wire: diameter 25 µm, length 450 µm.

**DC coupling**

All ports are DC coupled. For applications not requiring operation to DC, those ports should be DC blocked externally using a series capacitor whose value has been chosen to pass the necessary frequency range.

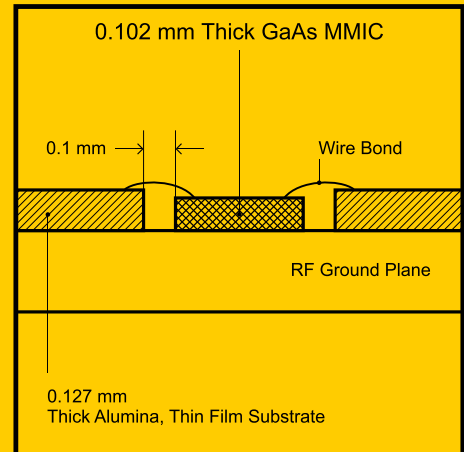


Figure 1.

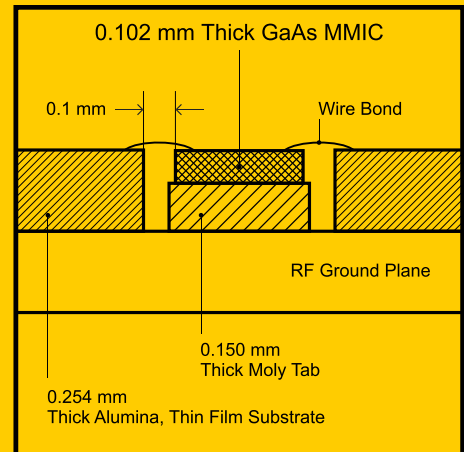


Figure 2.

**Recommended ESD Management**

This device is susceptible to electrostatic and mechanical damage. Dies are supplied in antistatic containers, which should be opened in cleanroom conditions at an appropriately grounded antistatic workstation. Devices need careful handling using correctly designed collets, vacuum pickups or, with care, sharp tweezers.

